ARTHROSCOPIC SUBACROMIAL DECOMPRESSION – REHABILITATION PROTOCOL

The intent of this protocol is to provide the clinician with a guideline of the post-operative rehabilitation course of a patient that has undergone an arthroscopic subacromial decompression. It is not intended to be a substitute for one’s clinical decision making regarding the progression of a patient’s post-operative course based on their physical exam/findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of post-operative complications. If a clinician required assistance in the progression of a post-operative patient they should consult with the referring surgeon.

Phase 1: (1-2 weeks)

Goals:
- Restore non-painful range of motion (ROM)
- Retard muscular atrophy
- Decrease pain/inflammation
- Improve postural awareness
- Minimize stress to healing structures
- Independent with activities of daily living (ADLs)
- Prevent muscular inhibition
- Wean from sling at 1 week post-op

Precautions:
- Care should be taken with abduction (with both active range of motion (AROM) and passive range of motion (PROM) to avoid unnecessary compression of subacromial structures
- Creating or reinforcing poor movement patterns, such as excessive scapulothoracic motion with upper extremity elevation, should be avoided

Range of Motion:
- PROM (non-forceful flexion and abduction) to tolerance
- PROM (non-forceful ER/IR) to tolerance
- Active assisted range of motion (AAROM)
- AROM
- Pendulums
- Pulleys
- Cane exercises
- Self stretches

Strengthening:
- Isometrics: scapular musculature, deltoid, and rotator cuff as appropriate
- Isotonic: theraband internal and external rotation in 0 degrees abduction
Modalities
- Cryotherapy
- Electrical stimulation-inferential current to decrease swelling and pain (as indicated and/or needed)

Criteria for progression to phase 2:
- Full active and passive ROM
- Minimal pain and tenderness

Phase 2: Intermediate Phase (2-6 Weeks)

Goals:
- Regain and improve muscular strength
- Normalize arthrokinematics
- Improve neuromuscular control of shoulder complex

Exercises:
- Initiate isotonic program with dumbbells
- Strengthen shoulder musculature- isometric, isotonic, Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation (PNF)
- Strengthen scapulothoracic musculature- isometric, isotonic, PNF
- Initiate upper extremity endurance exercises

Manual Treatment:
- Joint mobilization to improve/restore arthrokinematics if indicated
- Joint mobilization for pain modulation

Modalities:
- Cryotherapy
- Electrical stimulation- inferential current to decrease swelling and pain (as indicated and/or needed)

Criteria for Progression to Phase 3:
- Full painless ROM
- No pain or tenderness on examination

Phase 3: Dynamic (Advanced) Strengthening Phase: (6 weeks and beyond)

Goals:
• Improve strength, power, and endurance
• Improve neuromuscular control
• Prepare athlete to begin to throw, and perform similar overhead activities or other sport specific activities

Emphasis of Phase 3:
• High speed, high energy strengthening exercises
• Eccentric exercises
• Diagonal patterns

Exercises:
• Continue dumbbell strengthening (rotator cuff and deltoid)
• Progress theraband exercises to 90/90 position for internal rotation and external rotation (slow/fast sets)
• Theraband exercises for scapulothoracic musculature and biceps
• Plyometrics for rotator cuff
• PNF diagonal patterns
• Isokinetics
• Continue endurance exercises (UBE)

Please email Dr. Rolf with any questions!
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